

# Labor Market Analysis for Program Recommendation: 0956.00/Manufacturing and Industrial Technology (Associate of Science)

CVML Center of Excellence, March 2026



FOR LABOR MARKET RESEARCH  
CENTRAL VALLEY/MOTHER LODE

## Summary

Program LMI Endorsement	Endorsed: All LMI Criteria Met <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Endorsed: Some LMI Criteria Met <input type="checkbox"/>	Not LMI Endorsed <input type="checkbox"/>
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## Program LMI Endorsement Criteria

	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>
Supply Gap:	<p><b>Comments:</b> There are projected to be <b>97 annual job openings</b> throughout the SCV/SML subregion for <i>engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations</i>, which are <b>less than the 102 awards conferred by educational institutions in the SCV/SML subregion.</b></p> <p>The program(s) considered in this report crosswalk to 10+ occupations (e.g. <i>Calibration Technologists and Technicians, Mechanical Drafters, Industrial Machinery Mechanics, etc.</i>). These occupations yield an additional 900+ annual openings in the SCV/SML subregion. Therefore, the supply is overstated.</p>	
Living Wage: (Entry-Level, 25th):	<p><b>Comments:</b> All four <i>engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations</i> included in this report have an entry-level hourly wage <b>above the SCV/SML living wage of \$16.08.</b></p>	
Education:	<p><b>Comments:</b> The typical entry-level education for <i>engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations</i> is an associate degree. Additionally, <b>between 48% and 57% have completed some college or an associate degree as their highest level of education.</b></p>	

## Emerging Occupations(s)

Yes <input type="checkbox"/>	No <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Comments: N/A	

The Central Valley/Mother Lode Center of Excellence for Labor Market Research (CVML COE) prepared this report to determine whether there is a supply gap in the South Central Valley/Southern Mother Lode regional labor market related to the following middle-skill occupations:

- Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3023)
- Electro-Mechanical and Mechatronics Technologists and Technicians (17-3024)
- Industrial Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3026)
- Mechanical Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3027)

Middle-skill occupations typically require a community college education while above middle-skill occupations typically require at least a bachelor's degree.

Based on the available data, there appears to be a supply gap for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations*. In addition to the occupations in this report having entry-level wages

above the subregion's living wage, between 48% and 57% of workers in this field have completed some college or an associate degree as their highest level of education. **Therefore, due to all of the regional labor market criteria being met, the COE endorses this proposed program.**

Exhibit 1 lists the occupational demand, supply, typical entry-level education, and educational attainment for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations*.

**Exhibit 1: Labor Market Endorsement Summary**

Occupation (SOC)	Demand (Annual Openings)	Supply (CC and Non-CC)	Entry-Level Hourly Earnings (25th Percentile)	Typical Entry-Level Education	Community College Educational Attainment
Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3023)	NCV/NML: 15 SCV/SML: 67	NCV/NML: 13 SCV/SML: 102	NCV/NML: \$28.81 SCV/SML: \$37.38	Associate degree	57%
Electro-Mechanical and Mechatronics Technologists and Technicians (17-3024)	NCV/NML: 2 SCV/SML: 2		NCV/NML: \$27.98 SCV/SML: \$28.33	Associate degree	48%
Industrial Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3026)	NCV/NML: 10 SCV/SML: 14		NCV/NML: \$28.31 SCV/SML: \$27.60	Associate degree	48%
Mechanical Engineering Technologists and Technicians (17-3027)	NCV/NML: 4 SCV/SML: 14		NCV/NML: \$31.68 SCV/SML: \$34.34	Associate degree	48%
<b>Total</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>115</b>	-	-	-

**Demand:**

- The number of jobs related to the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations* in this report are projected to increase 1% through 2029. There will be 97 annual job openings in the SCV/SML subregion.
- All four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations* have an entry-level hourly wage above the living wage of \$16.08 in the SCV/SML subregion.

- There were 350 online job postings for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations* over the past 12 months.
- The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) lists an associate degree as the typical entry-level education for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations*.
- National-level educational attainment data indicates that between 48% and 57% of workers in the field have completed some college or an associate degree as their highest level of education.

## Supply:

- Between 2022 and 2025, there was an average of 102 awards conferred by community colleges in the SCV/SML subregion.
- Between 2021 and 2024, there were no non-community college institutions in the SCV/SML subregion that conferred awards in relevant programs.

## Demand

### Occupational Projections

Exhibit 2 shows the annual percent change in jobs for the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters-related occupations* from 2019 through 2029. The SCV/SML subregion experienced the highest growth in 2024 at 4%, compared to the 1% growth across all CA occupations. The SCV/SML subregion experienced the second highest growth in 2022 at 3%, compared to the 5% growth across all CA occupations. From 2026 to 2029, growth is projected to remain steady (between 0% and 1%) in the SCV/SML subregion, similar to all California occupations.

**Exhibit 2: Annual Percent Change in Jobs for Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters-Related Occupations, 2019-2029**

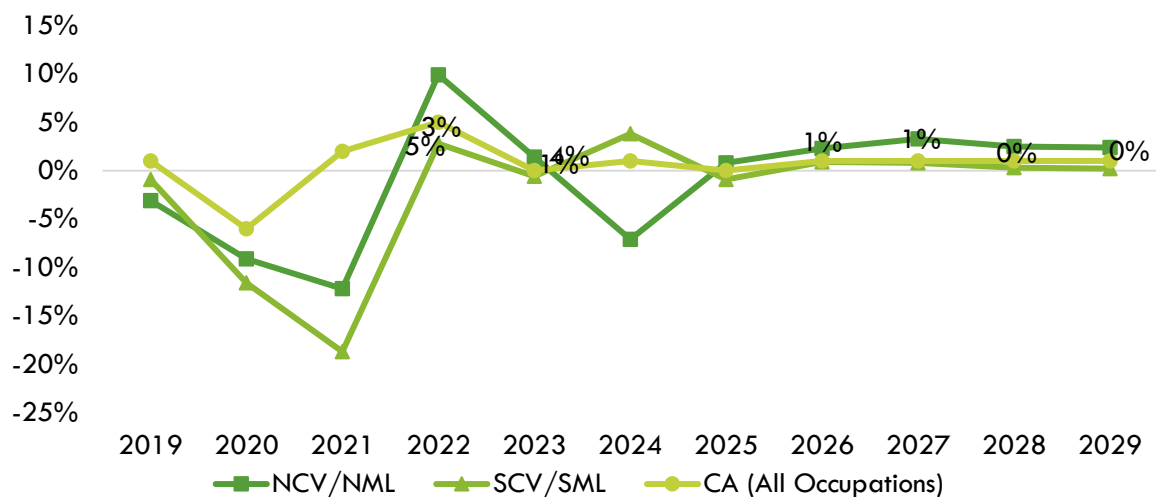


Exhibit 3 shows the five-year occupational demand projections for the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations. In the SCV/SML subregion, the number of jobs related to these occupations are projected to increase by 1% through 2029. There are projected to be 97 jobs available annually in the SCV/SML subregion.

**Exhibit 3: Occupational Demand in NCV/NML, SCV/SML, and CVML<sup>1</sup>**

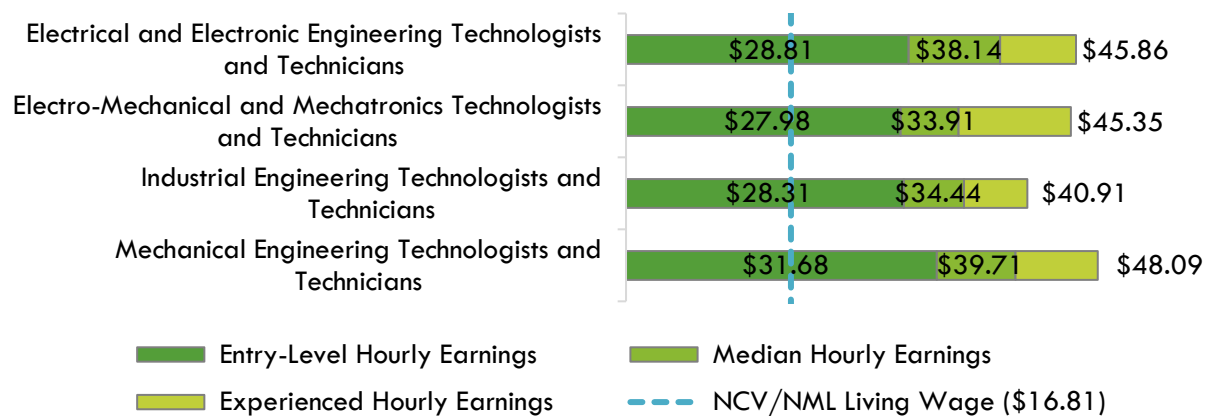
Geography	2024 Jobs	2029 Jobs	2024-2029 Change	2024-2029 % Change	Annual Openings
NCV/NML	262	293	31	12%	31
SCV/SML	1,058	1,070	12	1%	97
<b>CVML</b>	<b>1,320</b>	<b>1,363</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>3%</b>	<b>128</b>

## Wages:

The labor market endorsement in this report considers the entry-level hourly wages for the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations as they relate to the subregions and region's living wage. NCV/NML, SCV/SML, and CVML wages are included below to provide a complete analysis of the region.

All four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations have an entry-level hourly wage above the living wage for one adult in the NCV/NML subregion (\$16.81). The NCV/NML subregion average wage for these occupations is \$38.81, which is below the average statewide wage of \$42.78. Exhibit 4a shows the wage range for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations and how they compare to the NCV/NML subregion's living wage.

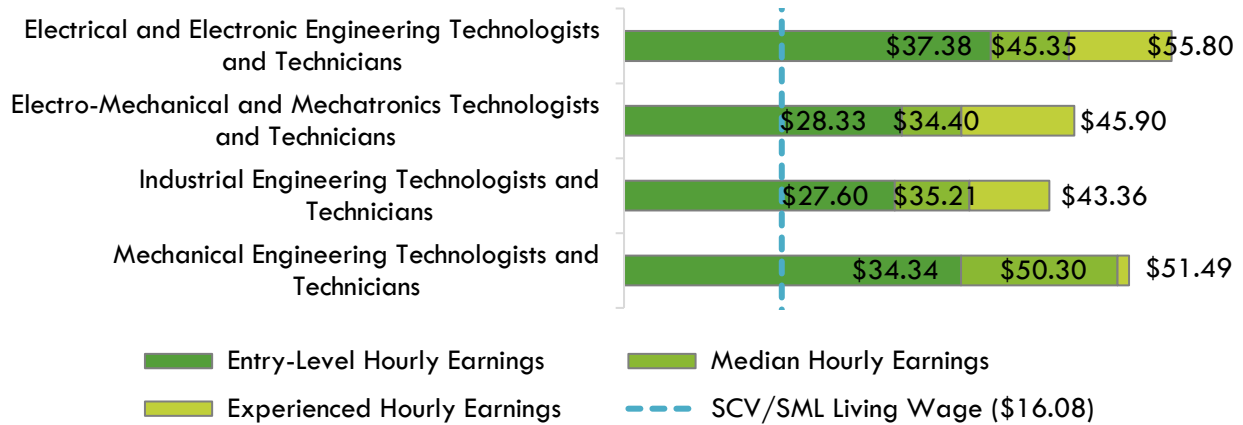
**Exhibit 4a: Wages by Occupation in NCV/NML**



<sup>1</sup>Five-year change represents new job additions to the workforce. Annual openings include new jobs and replacement jobs that result from retirements and separations.

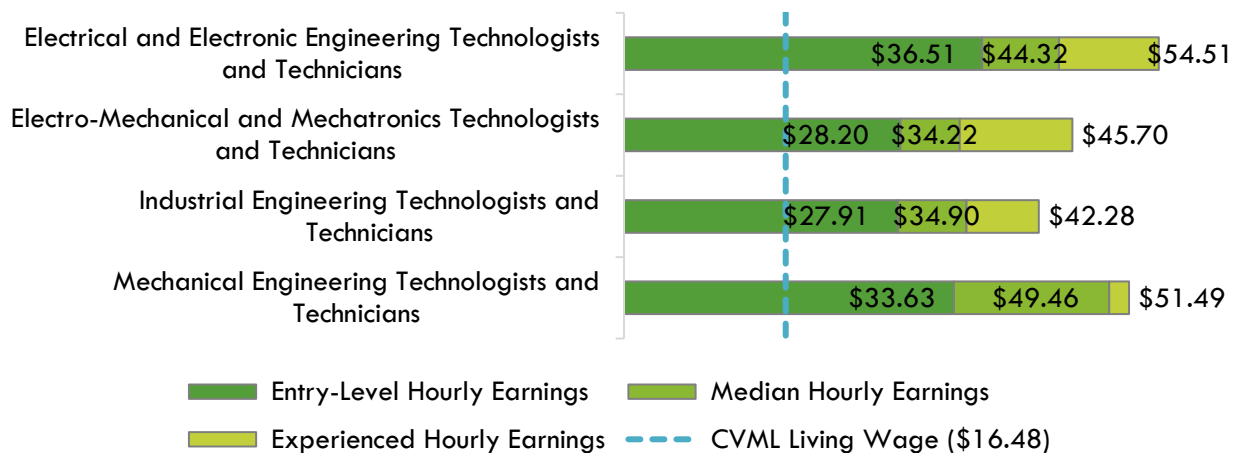
All four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations have an entry-level hourly wage above the living wage for one adult in the SCV/SML subregion (\$16.08). The SCV/SML subregion average wage for these occupations is \$45.18, which is above the average statewide wage of \$42.78. Exhibit 4b shows the wage range for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations and how they compare to the SCV/SML subregion's living wage.

### Exhibit 4b: Wages by Occupation in SCV/SML



All four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations have an entry-level hourly wage above the living wage for one adult in the CVML region (\$16.48). The CVML region average wage for these occupations is \$43.92, which is above the average statewide wage of \$42.78. Exhibit 5 shows the wage range for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations and how they compare to the CVML region's living wage.

### Exhibit 5: Wages by Occupation in CVML



## Job Postings:

**Important Online Job Postings Data Note:** Online job postings data is sourced from Lightcast, a labor market analytics firm that scrapes, collects, and organizes data from online job boards such as LinkedIn, Indeed, Glassdoor, Monster, GovernmentJobs.com, and thousands more. Lightcast uses natural language processing (NLP) to determine the related company, industry, occupation, and other information for each job posting. However, NLP has limitations that include understanding contextual words of phrases; determining differences in words that can be used as nouns, verbs, and/or adjectives; and misspellings or grammatical errors.<sup>2</sup> For these reasons, job postings could be assigned to the wrong employer, industry, or occupation within Lightcast's database.

Additionally, there are several limitations when analyzing job postings. A single job posting may not represent a single job opening, as employers may be creating a pool of candidates for future openings or hiring for multiple positions with a single posting. Additionally, not all jobs are posted online, and jobs may be filled through other methods such as internal promotion, word-of-mouth advertising, physical job boards, or a variety of other channels.

There were 350 online job postings related to *Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters* listed in the past 12 months (Exhibit 6).

**Exhibit 6: Number of Job Postings (n=350)**

Occupations	Job Postings	Percentage of Job Postings
Electrical and Electronic Engineering Technologists and Technicians	210	60%
Industrial Engineering Technologists and Technicians	99	28%
Electro-Mechanical and Mechatronics Technologists and Technicians	32	9%
Mechanical Engineering Technologists and Technicians	9	3%

The top employers in the region for *Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters*, by number of job postings, are shown in Exhibit 7.

**Exhibit 7: Top Employers by Number of Job Postings (n=350)**

Employer	Job Postings	Percentage of Job Postings
Cushman & Wakefield	17	5%
Cargill	14	4%
Advanced Drainage Systems	13	4%

<sup>2</sup>K. R. Chowdhary, *Fundamentals of Artificial Intelligence* (Basingstoke: Springer Nature, 2020), <https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-81-322-3972-7>

Employer	Job Postings	Percentage of Job Postings
W.M Bolthouse Farms	11	3%
Nestlé	10	3%
Bolthouse Farms	10	3%
EMCOR Group	9	3%
California Bioenergy	8	2%
Aerotek	8	2%
Saputo Cheese USA	7	2%

The top specialized, common, and software skills for *Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters* are listed by those most frequently mentioned in job postings (denoted in parentheses) are shown in Exhibit 8.

### Exhibit 8: Top Skills by Number of Job Postings (n=350)

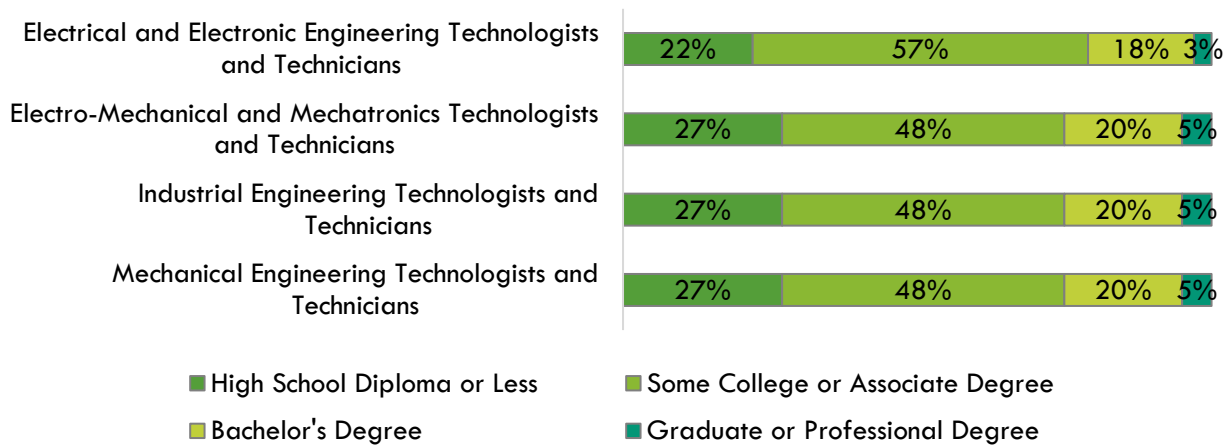
Top Specialized Skills	Top Soft Skills	Top Computer Skills
Preventive Maintenance (88)	Troubleshooting (Problem Solving) (180)	Microsoft Excel (71)
Automation (74)	Communication (137)	Microsoft Outlook (47)
Packaging and Labeling (69)	Operations (116)	Microsoft Word (34)
Calibration (66)	Microsoft Excel (71)	Microsoft PowerPoint (32)
Instrumentation (64)	Management (60)	Microsoft Access (21)
Programmable Logic Controllers (63)	English Language (55)	Microsoft Office (21)
Continuous Improvement Process (60)	Problem Solving (51)	Database Software (20)
Electronics (56)	Detail Oriented (50)	System Software (19)
Lifting Ability (49)	Microsoft Outlook (47)	Warehouse Management Systems (16)
Good Manufacturing Practices (49)	Computer Literacy (43)	Inventory Control Systems (14)

## Educational Attainment:

The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) lists an associate degree as the typical entry-level education for the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations. National-level educational attainment data indicates that between 48% and 57% of workers in the field have completed some college or an associate degree as their highest level of education. Exhibit 9 shows the educational attainment for *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters*-related occupations.

Of the 350 online job postings, 66% (equivalent to 230 postings) of cumulative job postings for the four *engineering technologists and technicians, except drafters* listed a minimum education requirement in the SCV/SML subregion. Of the 230 postings, 66% (151) requested a high school or GED.

### Exhibit 9: National-level Educational Attainment for Engineering Technologists and Technicians, Except Drafters-Related Occupations



## Educational Supply

### Community College Supply:

Exhibits 10a and 10b show the annual and three-year average number of awards conferred by community colleges in the programs that have historically trained for the occupations included in this report. The colleges with the most completions are Fresno City (South) and Reedley (South).

**Exhibit 10a: NCV/NML Community College Awards (Certificates and Degrees)  
2022-23 through 2024-25**

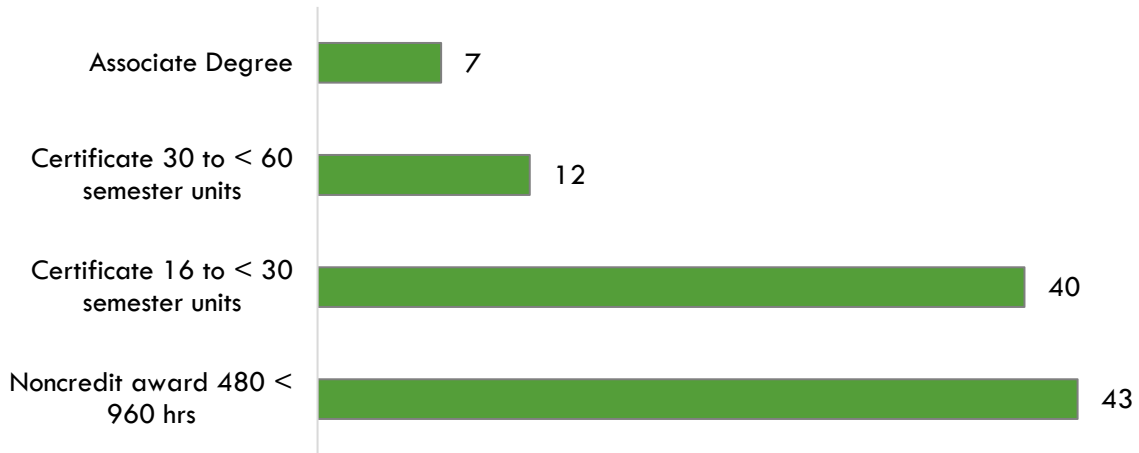
TOP Code	Program	College	2022-2023 Awards	2023-2024 Awards	2024-2025 Awards	3-Year Award Average
0956.00	Manufacturing and Industrial Technology	Modesto	19	12	8	13
<b>Subtotal/Average</b>			<b>19</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>
<b>NCV/NML Supply Grand Total</b>			<b>19</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>

**Exhibit 10b: SCV/SML Community College Awards (Certificates and Degrees)  
2022-23 through 2024-25**

TOP Code	Program	College	2022-2023 Awards	2023-2024 Awards	2024-2025 Awards	3-Year Award Average
0956.00	Manufacturing and Industrial Technology	Bakersfield	5	2	1	3
		Cerro Coso	-	-	3	1
		Fresno City	34	86	40	53
		Madera	1	1	10	4
		Reedley	47	33	42	41
<b>Subtotal/Average</b>			<b>87</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>102</b>
<b>SCV/SML Supply Grand Total</b>			<b>87</b>	<b>122</b>	<b>96</b>	<b>102</b>

Exhibit 11 shows the annual average community college awards by type from 2022-23 through 2024-25. Of the 102 awards conferred in the SCV/SML subregion, 7% (7) of these awards were for an associate degree.

### Exhibit 11: Annual Average Community College Awards (SCV/SML) by Type, 2022-2025



## Community College Student Outcomes:

Exhibit 12 shows the Strong Workforce Program (SWP) metrics for Manufacturing and Industrial Technology programs in State Center Community College District (SCCCD), the SCV/SML subregion, the CVML region, and California.

Of the 5,921 manufacturing and industrial technology program students statewide in the 2023-2024 academic year, 16% (919) attended a CVML institution. SCCCDC students that exited manufacturing and industrial technology programs in the 2022-2023 academic year had greater median annual earnings (\$40,754) compared to all manufacturing and industrial technology students in SCV/SML subregion (\$37,276). Additionally, 58% of CVML region manufacturing and industrial technology students attained a living wage, which is less than the percentage of students who attained a living wage statewide (61%).

### Exhibit 12: Manufacturing and Industrial Technology (0956.00) Strong Workforce Program Metrics

SWP Metric	SCCCD	SCV/SML Subregion	CVML Region	California
SWP Students	379	590	919	5,921
SWP Students Who Earned 9 or More Career Education Units in the District in a Single Year	55%	54%	49%	39%
SWP Students Who Completed a Noncredit CTE or Workforce Preparation Course	56%	78%	62%	26%
SWP Students Who Earned a Degree or Certificate or Attained Apprenticeship Journey Status	31%	20%	14%	4%
SWP Students Who Transferred to a Four-Year Postsecondary Institution	5%	3%	2%	2%
SWP Students with a Job Closely Related to Their Field of Study	N/A	85%	86%	81%
Median Annual Earnings for SWP Exiting Students	\$40,754 (\$19.59)	\$37,276 (\$17.92)	\$43,052 (\$20.70)	\$58,476 (\$28.11)
Median Change in Earnings for SWP Exiting Students	34%	65%	53%	39%
SWP Exiting Students Who Attained the Living Wage	42%	51%	58%	61%



## Non-Community College Supply:

For a comprehensive regional supply analysis, it is also important to consider the supply from other institutions in the region that provide training programs for the occupations studied in this report. This includes examining the annual and three-year average number of awards conferred by non-community college institutions in programs that have historically trained for the occupations of interest.

Between 2021 and 2024, there were no non-community college institutions in the SCV/SML subregion that conferred awards annually in related training programs.

## Appendix A: Methodology

The CVML COE prepared this report by analyzing data from occupations and education programs.

Occupational data is derived from Lightcast, a labor market analytics firm that consolidates data from the California Employment Development Department (EDD), U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) and other government agencies. Program supply data is drawn from two systems: Taxonomy of Programs (TOP) and Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP).

Using a TOP-SOC crosswalk, the CVML COE identified middle-skill jobs for which programs within these TOP codes train. Middle-skill jobs include:

- All occupations that require an educational requirement of some college, associate degree or apprenticeship;
- All occupations that require a bachelor's degree, but also have more than one-third of their existing labor force with an educational attainment of some college or associate degree; or
- All occupations that require a high school diploma or equivalent or no formal education, but also require short- to long-term on-the-job training where multiple community colleges have existing programs.

The CVML COE determined labor market supply for an occupation or SOC code by analyzing the number of program completers or awards in a related TOP or CIP code. The COE developed a "supply table" with this information, which is the source of the program supply data for this report. TOP code data comes from the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office MIS Data Mart ([datamart.cccco.edu](http://datamart.cccco.edu)) and CIP code data comes from the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System ([nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data](http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data)), also known as IPEDS. TOP is a system of numerical codes used at the state level to collect and report information on California community college programs and courses throughout the state that have similar outcomes. CIP codes are a taxonomy of academic disciplines at institutions of higher education in the United States and Canada. Institutions outside of the California Community College system do not use TOP codes in their reporting systems.

Data included in this analysis represent the labor market demand for relevant positions most closely related to the proposed program as expressed by the requesting college in consultation with the CVML COE. Traditional labor market information was used to show current and projected employment based on data trends, as well as annual average awards granted by regional community colleges. Real-time labor market information captures job post advertisements for occupations relevant to the field of study which can signal demand and show what employers are looking for in potential employees but is not a perfect measure of the quantity of open positions.

All representations have been produced from primary research and/or secondary review of publicly and/or privately available data and/or research reports. The most recent data available at the time of the analysis was examined; however, data sets are updated regularly and may not be consistent with previous reports. Efforts have been made to qualify and validate the accuracy of the data and findings; however, neither the Centers of Excellence for Labor Market Research (COE), COE host district, nor California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office are responsible for the applications or decisions made by individuals and/or organizations based on this study or its recommendations.

## Appendix B: Data Sources

Data Type	Source
Occupational Projections, Wages, and Job Postings	<p>Traditional labor market information data is sourced from Lightcast, a labor market analytics firm. Lightcast occupational employment data are based on final Lightcast industry data and final Lightcast staffing patterns. Wage estimates are based on Occupational Employment Statistics and the American Community Survey. For more information, see <a href="https://lightcast.io/">https://lightcast.io/</a></p>
Living Wage	<p>The living wage is derived from the Insight Center's California Family Needs Calculator, which measures the income necessary for an individual of family to afford basic expenses. The data assesses the cost of housing, food, childcare, health care, transportation, and taxes. For more information, see: <a href="https://selfsufficiencystandard.org/California/">https://selfsufficiencystandard.org/California/</a></p> <p>Wage figures are used by the CCCCCO to calculate the percentage of students that attained the regional living wage.</p>
Typical Education and Training Requirements, and Educational Attainment	<p>The Bureau of Labor Statistics (BLS) provides information about education and training requirements for hundreds of occupations. BLS uses a system to assign categories for entry-level education, work experience in a related occupation, and typical on-the-job training to each occupation for which BLS publishes projections data. For more information, see <a href="https://www.bls.gov/emp/documentation/education/tech.htm">https://www.bls.gov/emp/documentation/education/tech.htm</a></p>
Emerging Occupation Descriptions, Additional Education Requirements, and Employer Preferences	<p>The O*NET database includes information on skills, abilities, knowledges, work activities, and interests associated with occupations. For more information, see <a href="https://www.onetonline.org/help/online/">https://www.onetonline.org/help/online/</a></p>
Educational Supply	<p>The CCCCCO Data Mart provides information about students, courses, student services, outcomes and faculty and staff. For more information, see: <a href="https://datamart.cccco.edu">https://datamart.cccco.edu</a></p> <p>The National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Integrated Postsecondary Integrated Data System (IPEDS) collects data on the number of postsecondary awards earned (completions). For more information, see <a href="https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/7/completions">https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/use-the-data/survey-components/7/completions</a></p>
Student Metrics and Demographics	<p>DataVista, a statewide data system supported by the California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office and hosted by Cal-PASS Plus, provides data on progress, success, employment, and earnings outcomes for California community college students. For more information, see: <a href="https://datavista.cccco.edu/">https://datavista.cccco.edu/</a></p>

Data Type	Source
Population and Occupation Demographics	<p>The Census Bureau's American Community Survey (ACS) is the premier source for detailed population and housing information. For more information, see: <a href="https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs">https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/acs</a></p> <p>Data is sourced from IPUMS USA, a database providing access to ACS and other Census Bureau data products. For more information, see: <a href="https://usa.ipums.org/usa/about.shtml">https://usa.ipums.org/usa/about.shtml</a></p>

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